NSU Genome Research Institute Contributes to Breakthrough Cholera Genetics Study (<a href="https://www.nottingham.edu.cn/en/CBI/News/Article.aspx?id=b0954753-c1fb-4257-ae48-4cb9a1157b3f&language=en-GB">https://www.nottingham.edu.cn/en/CBI/News/Article.aspx?id=b0954753-c1fb-4257-ae48-4cb9a1157b3f&language=en-GB</a>)

The NSU Genome Research Institute (NSU-GRI) has played a key role in a landmark study on the genetics of cholera, recently published in *Nature Communications* (https://www.nature.com/articles/s41467-024-52238-0). The research, led by Professor Tania Dottorini of the University of Nottingham and the China Beacons Institute, was conducted in collaboration with Bangladesh's IEDCR, ideSHi, icddrb, and NGRI. The study reveals how specific genetic traits of *Vibrio cholerae O1* drive both the severity and spread of the disease. Using advanced tools such as machine learning, genomics, and structural modelling, the team identified critical mutations that enhance the adaptability and virulence of cholera strains. Cholera continues to be a major public health threat, with over 100,000 cases and 4,500 deaths each year in Bangladesh alone. These findings open new possibilities for targeted treatments and prevention strategies. This international collaboration underscores NGRI's commitment to cutting-edge genomic research that addresses pressing global health challenges.